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Clean Copy of Claims Following Entry of Amendments in Response to Restriction Requirement and Preliminary Amendment

- 1. (Amended) An isolated nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence which is at least 90% identical to the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof;
- b) a nucleic acid molecule comprising at least 400 nucleotide residues and having a nucleotide sequence identical to at least 400 consecutive nucleotide residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof;
- c) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or a complement thereof; and
- d) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement, wherein the fragment comprises at least 200 consecutive amino acid residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement.
- 24. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, having a nucleotide sequence which is at least 90% identical to the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO:

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59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof.

- 25. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 24, having a nucleotide sequence which is at least 98% identical to the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof.
- 26. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 24, having a nucleotide sequence at least 98% identical to SEQ ID NO: 59 operably linked within a recombinant expression vector.
- 27. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 24, having a nucleotide sequence identical to the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof.
- 28. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 24, having a nucleotide sequence identical to either of SEQ ID NOs: 59 and 60 operably linked with a recombinant expression vector.
- 29. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, comprising at least 400 nucleotide residues and having a nucleotide sequence identical to at least 400 consecutive nucleotide residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof.
- 30. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 29, comprising at least 650 nucleotide residues and having a nucleotide sequence identical to at least 650 consecutive nucleotide residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence

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of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof.

- 31. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 29, having a nucleotide sequence identical to at least 650 consecutive nucleotide residues of SEQ ID NO: 59 operably linked within a recombinant expression vector.
- 32. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or a complement thereof.
- 33. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 32, operably linked within an expression vector.
- 34. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which encodes a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement, wherein the fragment comprises at least 200 consecutive amino acid residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement.
- 35. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 34, which encodes a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement, wherein the fragment comprises at least 200 consecutive amino acid residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement.

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- 36. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 34, wherein the fragment comprises at least 200 consecutive amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO: 63.
- 3. (Amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, further comprising a vector nucleic acid sequence.
- 4. (Amended) The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, further comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a heterologous polypeptide.
 - 5. A host cell which contains the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
 - 6. The host cell of claim 5 which is a mammalian host cell.
- 7. A non-human mammalian host cell containing the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 16. A method for detecting the presence of a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 in a sample, comprising the steps of:
- a) contacting the sample with a nucleic acid probe or primer which selectively hybridizes with the nucleic acid molecule; and
- b) determining whether the nucleic acid probe or primer binds with a nucleic acid molecule in the sample.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the sample comprises mRNA molecules and is contacted with a nucleic acid probe.
- 18. A kit comprising a compound which selectively hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 and instructions for use.
- 37. (New) An isolated nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of:

a) a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence which is at least 90% identical to the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof;

- b) a nucleic acid molecule comprising at least 400 nucleotide residues and having a nucleotide sequence identical to at least 400 consecutive nucleotide residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 59, SEQ ID NO: 60, and the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151, or a complement thereof;
- c) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or a complement thereof; and
- d) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by a cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement, wherein the fragment comprises at least 200 consecutive amino acid residues of any one of SEQ ID NO: 61, SEQ ID NO: 63, and the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA clone deposited with ATCC® as Accession number PTA-151 or its complement,

wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide that exhibits a property selected from the group consisting of

- i) ability to bind with hyaluronic acid;
- ii) ability to modulate human brain tissue organization;
- iii) ability to modulate interaction of human brain cells with brain extracellular matrix;
- iv) ability to modulate movement of human brain cells through brain extracellular matrix;

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- v) ability to modulate growth of human brain cells;
- vi) ability to modulate proliferation of human brain cells;
- vii) ability to modulate differentiation of human brain cells;
- viii) ability to modulate adhesion between human brain cells; and
- ix) ability to modulate formation of neurological connections between human brain cells.
- 38. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 37, wherein the property is selected from the group consisting of iii) to ix) and wherein the human brain cells are glial cells.
- 39. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 38, wherein the glial cells are cells of a glioma.
- 40. (New) The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 39, wherein the glioma is selected from the group consisting of an astrocytoma, an endophytic retinoblastoma, an exophytic retinoblastoma, an ependymoma, a ganglioglioma, a nasal glioma, an optic glioma, a Schwannoma, and a mixed glioma.